Unit 2: Government

Vocabulary

- **1. Government: T**he system that sets and enforces a society's laws
- **2. Limited government:** Government in which government leaders are held accountable by citizens through their constitutions and democratic processes
- **3. Unlimited government:** Governments that have total control over their citizens
- **4. Constitutional monarchy:** A government with a monarch as head of state and a parliament or other legislature that makes the laws; A type of limited government in which a king/queen or other form of royalty rules the people; however, a constitution is in place to protect the people
- **5. Representative Democracy / Republic:** A type of limited government in which the people elect representatives to vote/rule on behalf of them
- **6. Direct Democracy:** A type of limited government in which the people rule themselves and every citizen votes on every single issue.
- **7. Totalitarianism:** A form of government in which the ruler is an absolute dictator not restricted by a constitution
- **8. Monarch:** A royal ruler of a kingdom or empire
- **9. Absolute monarchy:** A type of unlimited government in which a king/queen or other form of royalty has all the power
- **10. Communism/Oligarchy:** A type of unlimited government in which a group or a few people have all the power
- 11. Dictatorship: A type of unlimited government in which one person has all the power
- **12. Dictator:** Someone who rules a country with complete authority

- **13. Anarchy:** The absence of government and rules, resulting in chaos
- **14. Politics:** Opinions and beliefs about government
- **15. Censorship:** The suppression of speech or other public communication which may be considered objectionable, harmful, sensitive, or inappropriate as determined by a government or other controlling body
- **16. Federal Government:** a system that divides up power between a strong national government and smaller local governments.
- **17. Hereditary monarch:** a type of government where a monarch (usually a king or queen) becomes the monarch because he or she is related to the last monarch.
- **18. Constitution:** a statement of the basic principles and laws of a nation, state, or group
- **19. Prime Minister :** the head of an elected government; the primary leader of a sovereign/state.
- **20.** Head of state: The president or the prime minister who is leading a country.
- 21. **Democracy** People Power